AO 472 (Rev. 3/86) Order of Detention Pending Trial

United States District Court
District of Delaware
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
V. ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL  Percy Skinner Case C 606-30-2
In accordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f), a detention hearing has been held. I conclude that the following facts require the detention of the defendant pending trial in this case.
Part I—Findings of Fact  (1) The defendant is charged with an offense described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) and has been convicted of a federal offense state or local offense that would have been a federal offense if a circumstance giving rise to federal jurisdiction had existed that is a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4).  an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death.  an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in
a felony that was committed after the defendant had been convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or local offenses.  (2) The offense described in finding (1) was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a federal, state or local offense.  (3) A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction release of the defendant from imprisonment for the offense described in finding (1).  (4) Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of (an) other person(s) and the community. I further find that the defendant has not rebutted this presumption.  Alternative Findings (A)  X (1) There is probable cause to believe that the defendant has committed an offense  X for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in 21 USC §846
under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c).  X (2) The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by finding 1 that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assurt the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community.  Alternative Findings (B)
<ol> <li>There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.</li> <li>There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the safety of another person or the community.</li> </ol>
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Part II—Written Statement of Reasons for Detention  I find that the credible testimony and information submitted at the hearing establishes by X clear and convincing evidence X a preponderance of the evidence: Defendant did not oppose the government's motion for detention at this time, but reserved the right to revisit the issue at a later time which was granted. In addition to the non-opposition to the motion, the court finds that there are no conditions or combination thereof that will reasonably assure defendant's appearance as required and the safety of the community on the following bases:  1. Since defendant elected not to be interviewed by Pretrial Services, his background information cannot be confirmed. The court has no information regarding his family and residence. His criminal history file, which is substantial, indicates that he is 20 years old. Since defendant completed a financial affidavit, he claims that he is unemployed. Nothing is known regarding his physical & mental health or any substance abuse history.  2. What is known is defendant's significant criminal history which began at age 13. Between April 1998 and November 2001, defendant had 14 contacts with family Court for various offenses for which over half of the charges he was found delinquent. In 2002 when defendant was 16 years old, he pled guilty to possession of a narcotic substance (pled down from trafficking). He entered a gulty plea in 2003 at age 17 years for possession of a non-narcotic substance and was found in violation in 2004 for which an indefinite imprisonment was imposed. In August 2003 he was charged with assault in a detention facility (pled to assault 3rd). In 2006 he was convicted of possession of a narcotic which resulted in him violating probation. His term of imprisonment for this offense ends July 2006. When arrested for another drug offense, during the search of his vehicle, police found masks which defendant confirmed he was using to commit robberies. When the present federal drug offenses were committed defend

Mary Pat Thynge, Magistrate Judge
Name and Title of Judicial Officer

<sup>\*</sup>Insert as applicable: (a) Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.); (b) Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951 et seq.); or (c) Section 1 of Act of Sept. 15, 1980 (21 U.S.C. § 955a).